ROBERT S. MUELLER, III (CSBN 59775) 1 United States Attorney Jul 13 4 15 PH '00 2 MICHALL BYTH LEARNS U.S. DILL, RICH COURT NO DILL CE CA 3 4 5 6 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 OAKLAND DIVISION 11 CR00-40146 12 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. 13 Plaintiff. **VIOLATIONS: 18 U.S C. § 371 -**Conspiracy; 17 U.S.C § 506(a)(1) and 18 U.S.C § 2319 - Criminal Copyright 14 V. Infringement; 18 U.S.C. § 1956 - Money Laundering; 18 U.S.C. § 2320 - Trafficking 15 16 LISA CHAN, in Goods Using a Counterfeit Mark 17 Defendant 18 OAKLAND VENUE 19 20 INDICTMENT 21 The Grand Jury charges: 22 <u>COUNT_ONE</u> (18 U.S.C. § 371) 23 At all times relevant to this indictment: 1. 24 Micro-Current Incorporated ("Micro Current") was a California 25 corporation whose principal place of business was 390 South Abbott Avenue, Milpitas, 26 California. Micro-Current purported to be in the business of selling computer software. 27 Defendant Lisa CHAN was a principal and the person who b. 28 Document No Indictment- Lisa Chan l

c. Microsoft Corporation Inc. ("Microsoft") was a Washington corporation which maintained offices in Redmond, Washington. It is in the business, among other things, of developing and selling software, including Microsoft Office 2000 Professional, Office 97 Professional, Windows NT Server, Windows NT Workstation, Windows 98 and Windows 95.

and

2. Between in or about June, 1999, and June 15, 2000, in the Northern District of California, defendant

LISA CHAN

did knowingly conspire and agree with others unknown to the grand jury, willfully, and for purposes of commercial advantage and private financial gain, to infringe the copyrights of copyrighted computer software, specifically,

- a. Microsoft Office 2000 Professional, Registration No. 4-905-936,
- b. Microsoft Office 97 Professional, Registration No. 4-395-984;
- c. Microsoft Windows 98, Registration No. 4-687-920;
- d. Microsoft Windows NT Server 4.0, Registration No. 4-395-758;
- e. Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0, Registration No. 4-395-740
- f. Windows 95, Registration No. 649-4511. without authorization from the copyright holder.
- 3. As a part of and in furtherance of the conspiracy, defendant CHAN obtained hundreds of CD-Roms and disks containing illegally copied Microsoft software from her co-conspirators.
- 4. As a further part of the conspiracy, defendant CHAN obtained labels, certificates of authenticity, manuals and licensing agreements which purported to be produced by Microsoft but were, in fact, counterfeit. Defendant CHAN then packaged or caused to be packaged these counterfeit materials with illegally reproduced software for distribution.

- 5. As a further part of the conspiracy, on occasion defendant CHAN obtained legitimate Microsoft software, removed the legitimate Microsoft Certificates of Authenticity from them, and caused the legitimate Certificates of Authenticity to be packaged with illegally copied software. In this manner, defendant CHAN deliberately made it appear as if the illegally copied software was legitimate Microsoft software when, in fact, it was not.
- 6. As a part of and in furtherance of the conspiracy, defendant CHAN made it known that, doing business through Micro-Current, she could and would provide Microsoft software at prices below retail market prices.

Overt Acts

- 7. As a part of and in furtherance of the conspiracy, defendant CHAN committed the following overt acts in the Northern District of California and elsewhere:
- a. in or about the first week of August, 1999, defendant CHAN delivered for redistribution approximately 6,000 pieces of Microsoft Office 97 Professional software which had been illegally copied without the approval of Microsoft;
- b. on or about February 1, 2000, defendant CHAN sold two pieces of Microsoft Office 2000 Professional software which had been illegally copied without the approval of Microsoft;
- c. on or about February 7, 2000, defendant CHAN sold 100 pieces of Microsoft Office 2000 Professional software which had been illegally copied without the approval of Microsoft;
- d. on or about February 16, 2000, defendant CHAN sold 100 pieces of Microsoft Office 2000 Professional software and one sample each of Microsoft Windows 98, 1st and 2nd editions, which had been illegally copied without the approval of Microsoft;
- e. on or about February 29, 2000, defendant CHAN sold 50 pieces of Microsoft Windows 98, 1st edition, and 50 pieces of Microsoft 98, 2nd edition, and one piece of Microsoft Office 2000 Professional (retail box) which had been illegally copied

1	without the approval of Microsoft;
2	f. on or about March 14, 2000, defendant CHAN sold 25 pieces of
3	Microsoft Office 2000 Professional (retail box) which had been illegally copied without
4	the approval of Microsoft;
5	g. on or about March 22, 2000, defendant CHAN sold one piece of
6	Microsoft Office 2000 Professional (retail box), one piece of Microsoft Office 2000
7	Professional (CD only) and one piece of Microsoft Windows 98, 2nd edition, which had
В	been illegally copied without the approval of Microsoft;
9	h. on or about March 29, 2000, defendant CHAN sold 10 pieces of
10	Microsoft Office 2000 Professional (retail boxes), 10 pieces of Microsoft Office 2000
11	Professional (CDs only) and 10 pieces of Microsoft Windows 98, 2nd edition, which had
12	been illegally copied without the approval of Microsoft;
13	i. on or about April 7, 2000, defendant CHAN sold 15 pieces of Microsoft
14	Office 2000 Professional (retail boxes) which had been illegally copied without the
15	approval of Microsoft;
16	j. on or about May 30, 2000, defendant CHAN sold 20 pieces of
17	Microsoft Office 2000 Professional (retail boxes) which had been illegally copied without
18	the approval of Microsoft.
19	8. The object of the conspiracy was to illegally distribute more than ten illegally
20	reproduced copies of Microsoft software worth more than \$2,500 within a 180 day
21	period.
22	All in violation of Title 18 United States Code, Section 371, Title 17, United States
23	Code, Section 506(a), and Title 18, United States Code, Section 2319(a) and (b)(1).
24	<u> </u>
25	COUNT TWO 17 U.S.C. § 506(a), 18 U.S.C. §§ 2319(a) and (b)(1).
26	1. In or about the first week of August, 1999, in the Northern District of
27	California, defendant
28	LISA CHAN .
	Indictment- Lisa Chan 4

1	willfully, and for purposes of commercial advantage and private financial gain, did
2	infringe the copyrights of copyrighted software, specifically, approximately 6,000 pieces
з	of Microsoft Office 97 Professional software, Registration number 4-395-984, which had
4	been illegally copied without the approval of Microsoft.
5	All in violation of Title 17, United States Code, Section 506(a), and Title 18, United
6	States Code, Section 2319(a) and (b)(1).
7	
8	COUNT THREE 17 U.S.C. § 506(a), 18 U.S.C. §§ 2319(a) and (b)(1)
9	1. On or about the February 1, 2000, in the Northern District of California, the
10	defendant
11	LISA CHAN
12	willfully, and for purposes of commercial advantage and private financial gain, did
13	infringe the copyrights of copyrighted software, specifically, two pieces of Microsoft
14	Office 2000 Professional software, Registration number, 4-395-936, which had been
15	illegally copied without the approval of Microsoft.
16	All in violation of Title 17, United States Code, Section 506(a), and Title 18, United
17	States Code, Section 2319(a) and (b)(1).
18	
19	COUNT FOUR 17 U.S.C. § 506(a), 18 U.S.C. §§ 2319(a) and (b)(1)
20	1. On or about the February 7, 2000, in the Northern District of California,
21	defendant
22	LISA CHAN
23	willfully, and for purposes of commercial advantage and private financial gain, did
24	infringe the copyrights of copyrighted software, specifically, 100 pieces of Microsoft
25	Office 2000 Professional software, Registration number 3-905-936, which had been
26	illegally copied without the approval of Microsoft.
27	All in violation of Title 17, United States Code, Section 506(a), and Title 18, United
28	States Code, Section 2319(a) and (b)(1).

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defendant

LISA CHAN

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2	willfully, and for purposes of commercial advantage and private financial gain, did
3	infringe the copyrights of copyrighted software, specifically, 25 pieces of Microsoft
4	Office 2000 Professional (retail box), Registration number 3-905-936, which had been
5	illegally copied without the approval of Microsoft.
6	All in violation of Title 17, United States Code, Section 506(a), and Title 18, United
7	States Code, Section 2319(a) and (b)(1).
8	
9	COUNT EIGHT 17 U.S.C. § 506(a), 18 U.S.C. §§ 2319(a) and (b)(1)
10	1. On or about the March 22, 2000, in the Northern District of California,
1.1	defendant
12	LISA CHAN
13	willfully, and for purposes of commercial advantage and private financial gain, did
14	infringe the copyrights of copyrighted software, specifically, one piece of Microsoft
15	Office 2000 Professional (retail box), Registration number 3-905-936, one piece of
16	Microsoft Office 2000 Professional (CD only), Registration number 3-905-936 and one
17	piece of Microsoft Windows 98, 2nd edition, Registration number 4-687-920, which had
18	been illegally copied without the approval of Microsoft.
19	All in violation of Title 17, United States Code, Section 506(a), and Title 18, United
20	States Code, Section 2319(a) and (b)(1)
21	
22	COUNT NINE 17 U.S.C. § 506(a), 18 U.S.C. §§ 2319(a) and (b)(1)
23	1. On or about the March 29, 2000, in the Northern District of California,
24	defendant
25	LISA CHAN
26	willfully, and for purposes of commercial advantage and private financial gain, did
27	infringe the copyrights of copyrighted software, specifically, ten pieces of Microsoft
28	Office 2000 Professional (retail box), Registration number 4-905-936, ten pieces of

ı	Microsoft Office 2000 Professional (cds only), Registration number 4-905-936, and ten
2	pieces of Microsoft Windows 98, 2nd edition, Registration number 4-687-920, which had
3	been illegally copied without the approval of Microsoft.
4	All in violation of Title 17, United States Code, Section 506(a), and Title 18, United
5	States Code, Section 2319(a) and (b)(1).
6	
7	COUNT TEN 17 U.S.C. § 506(a), 18 U.S.C. §§ 2319(a) and (b)(1)
8	1. On or about the April 7, 2000, in the Northern District of California, defendant
9	
10	LISA CHAN
11	willfully, and for purposes of commercial advantage and private financial gain, did
12	infringe the copyrights of copyrighted software, specifically, 15 pieces of Microsoft
13	Office 2000 Professional (retail boxes), Registration number 4-905-936, which had been
14	illegally copied without the approval of Microsoft.
15	All in violation of Title 17, United States Code, Section 506(a), and Title 18, United
16	States Code, Section 2319(a) and (b)(1).
17	
18	COUNT ELEVEN 17 U.S.C. § 506(a), 18 U.S.C. §§ 2319(a) and (b)(1)
19	1. On or about May 30, 2000, in the Northern District of California, defendant
20	_
21	LISA CHAN
22	willfully, and for purposes of commercial advantage and private financial gain, did
23	
24	Office 2000 Professional (retail boxes), Registration number 4-905-936, which had been
25	
26	All in violation of Title 17, United States Code, Section 506(a), and Title 18, United
27	States Code, Section 2319(a) and (b)(1).
28	

COUNT TWELVE (18 U.S.C. § 1956 (A)(1)(B)(i))

- 1. The allegations of paragraphs 1 and 3 through 7 of Count One of the indictment are hereby realleged and incorporated as though fully set forth herein.
 - 2. On or about February 4, 2000, in the Northern District of California, defendant

LISA CHAN,

knowing that the property involved in a financial transaction represented the proceeds of some form of unlawful activity, did knowingly and intentionally conduct a financial transaction which in fact involved the proceeds of a specified unlawful activity, namely, the copyright infringement described in the foregoing paragraphs of this count, knowing that the transaction was designed in whole or in part to conceal and disguise the nature, source, ownership and control of the proceeds of the copyright infringement.

In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956 (A)(1)(B)(i).

COUNT THIRTEEN (18 U.S.C. § 1956 (A)(1)(B)(i))

- 1. The allegations of paragraphs 1 and 3 through 7 of Count One of the indicament are hereby realleged and incorporated as though fully set forth herein.
- 2. On or about February 16, 2000, in the Northern District of California, defendant

LISA CHAN,

knowing that the property involved in a financial transaction represented the proceeds of some form of unlawful activity, did knowingly and intentionally conduct a financial transaction which in fact involved the proceeds of a specified unlawful activity, namely, the copyright infringement described in the foregoing paragraphs of this count, knowing that the transaction was designed in whole or in part to conceal and disguise the nature, source, ownership and control of the proceeds of the copyright infringement.

In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956 (1)(B)(i).

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COUNT FOURTEEN (18 U.S.C. § 1956 (AT)(1)(B)(i)

 The allegations of paragraphs 1 and 3 through 7 of Count One of the indictment are hereby realleged and incorporated as though fully set forth herein.

2. On or about February 29, 2000, in the Northern District of California, defendant

LISA CHAN,

knowing that the property involved in a financial transaction represented the proceeds of some form of unlawful activity, did knowingly and intentionally conduct a financial transaction which in fact involved the proceeds of a specified unlawful activity, namely, the copyright infringement described in the foregoing paragraphs of this count, knowing that the transaction was designed in whole or in part to conceal and disguise the nature, source, ownership and control of the proceeds of the copyright infringement.

In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956 (A)(1)(B)(1)

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COUNT FIFTEEN (18 U.S.C. § 1956 (M)(1)(B)(i)

- 1. The allegations of paragraphs 1 and 3 through 7 of Count One of the indictment are hereby realleged and incorporated as though fully set forth herein.
- 2. On or about March 14, 2000, in the Northern District of California, defendant

LISA CHAN.

knowing that the property involved in a financial transaction represented the proceeds of some form of unlawful activity, did knowingly and intentionally conduct a financial transaction which in fact involved the proceeds of a specified unlawful activity, namely, the copyright infringement described in the foregoing paragraphs of this count, knowing that the transaction was designed in whole or in part to conceal and disguise the nature, source, ownership and control of the proceeds of the copyright infringement.

represented the proceeds of some form of unlawful activity.

In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956 (A)(1)(B)(i).

COUNT SIXTEEN (18 U.S.C. § 2320(a)). 1 1. The allegations of paragraphs 1 and 3 through 7 of Count One of the 2 indictment are hereby realleged and incorporated as though fully set forth herein. 3 2. Between in or about and between June, 1999 and June 15, 2000, in the 4 Northern District of California, defendant 5 6 LISA CHAN 7 did traffic in goods, to wit: the following computer software manufactured by Microsoft 8 Corporation: 9 a. Microsoft Office 2000 Professional, Registration No. 4-905-936, 10 b. Microsoft Office 97 Professional, Registration No. 4-395-984; 11 c. Microsoft Windows 98, Registration No. 4-687-920; 12 knowingly using a counterfeit mark on and in connection with such goods. 13 All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 2320(a). 14 15 16 A TRUE BILL. DATED: 7-13-00 17 18 19 ROBERT S. MUELLER, III 20 United States Attorney 21 22 JOHN KENNEDY Chief, Oakland Branch 23 24 (Approved as to form: 25 26 27 28

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